

Department of Veterans Affairs

§ 3.901

order, to a fiduciary appointed for the child as a mentally incompetent adult.

[39 FR 34533, Sept. 26, 1974]

§ 3.855 Beneficiary rated or reported incompetent.

(a) *General.* Payments being made directly to a beneficiary who is or may be incompetent will not be routinely suspended pending certification of a fiduciary (or a recommendation that payments should be paid directly to the beneficiary) by the Veterans Services Officer or development of the issue of incompetency.

(b) *Application.* This policy applies to all cases including (but not limited to) the following:

(1) Notice or evidence is received that a guardian has been appointed for the beneficiary.

(2) Notice or evidence is received that the beneficiary has been committed to a hospital.

(3) The beneficiary has been rated incompetent by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

[42 FR 2069, Jan. 10, 1977]

§ 3.856 Change of name of female fiduciary.

If a female fiduciary receiving benefits in such capacity marries or is restored to her former name by divorce decree, her statement setting forth her present name may be accepted.

[39 FR 34533, Sept. 26, 1974]

§ 3.857 Children's benefits to fiduciary of surviving spouse.

Where children are separated from the surviving spouse by reason of her (or his) incompetency, no apportionment is required. All amounts payable on behalf of the children may be paid to the fiduciary of the surviving spouse provided the fiduciary is adequately taking care of the needs of the children from the beneficiary's estate voluntarily or pursuant to a decree of court.

[39 FR 12100, Apr. 3, 1974, as amended at 62 FR 5529, Feb. 6, 1997]

FORFEITURE

§ 3.900 General.

(a) Forfeiture of benefits based on one period of service does not affect en-

titlement to benefits based on a period of service beginning after the offense causing the prior forfeiture.

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, any offense committed prior to January 1, 1959, may cause a forfeiture and any forfeiture in effect prior to January 1, 1959, will continue to be a bar on and after January 1, 1959.

(Authority: Section 3, Pub. L. 85-857)

(2) Effective September 2, 1959, forfeiture of benefits may not be declared except under the circumstances set forth in § 3.901(d), § 3.902(d), or § 3.903. Forfeitures declared before September 2, 1959, will continue to be a bar on and after that date.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 6103(d) and 6105)

(c) Pension or compensation payments are not subject to forfeiture because of violation of hospital rules.

(d) When the person primarily entitled has forfeited his or her rights by reason of fraud or a treasonable act determination as to the rights of any dependents of record to benefits under § 3.901(c) or § 3.902(c) may be made upon receipt of an application.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 6103(b) and 38 U.S.C. 6104(b))

[26 FR 1607, Feb. 24, 1961, as amended at 27 FR 8590, Aug. 28, 1962; 53 FR 17934, May 19, 1988]

§ 3.901 Fraud.

(a) *Definition.* An act committed when a person knowingly makes or causes to be made or conspires, combines, aids, or assists in, agrees to, arranges for, or in any way procures the making or presentation of a false or fraudulent affidavit, declaration, certificate, statement, voucher, or paper, concerning any claim for benefits under any of the laws administered by the Department of Veterans Affairs (except laws relating to insurance benefits).

(b) *Effect on claim.* For the purposes of paragraph (d) of this section, any person who commits fraud forfeits all rights to benefits under all laws administered by the Department of Veterans Affairs other than laws relating to insurance benefits.